# **Attachment D**

# LASSEN COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Audited Financial Statements Supplementary Information and Compliance Report

June 30, 2022

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# Audited Financial Statements, Supplementary Information and Compliance Report

# June 30, 2022

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Lassen County Transportation Commission Susanville, California

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lassen County Transportation Commission (the Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as of June 30, 2022, the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and

# Lassen County Transportation Commission

therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Commission has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statement sin an appropriate operational, economic, or

historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

# **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2023 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and the Transportation Development Act. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

April 16, 2023

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and investments		\$ 1,468,414
Due from other governmental agencies		533,801
	TOTAL ASSETS	2,002,215
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		41,629
Due to other governmental agencies		881,694
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	923,323
NET POSITION		
Restricted:		
Transportation/transit		1,023,145
Pedestrian/bicycle		13,839
State of Good Repair (SGR) projects		41,908
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,078,892

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

PROGRAM EXPENSES			vernmental Activities
Planning and administration		\$	585,865
Transportation claimants		Ψ	853,307
	TOTAL PROGRAM EXPENSES		1,439,172
PROGRAM REVENUES			, , <u>,</u>
Operating grants and contributions			616,196
	TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUE		616,196
	NET PROGRAM EXPENSE		(822,976)
GENERAL REVENUES			
State shared revenue - sales tax			1,245,522
Interest income			10,127
	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES		1,255,649
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION		432,673
Net position, beginning of year			646,219
	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	1,078,892

# BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# June 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund		Major S	peci	al Revenue																
	I	Planning	Local		Local		Local				Local		al State Transit Other				Local State Transit Other ansportation Assistance Grants		Other		State of	Total
		and	Tra	nsportation	Assistance		Assistance		Assistance		Assistance		Grants	Good Repair		Governmental						
	Adr	ninistration		Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund	Funds												
ASSETS																						
Cash and investments	\$	123,601	\$	663,614			\$ 645,085	\$	36,114	\$ 1,468,414												
Due from other governmental					<b>.</b>																	
agencies		205,532		247,112	\$	73,996			7,161	533,801												
Due from other funds		8,194								8,194												
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	337,327	\$	910,726	\$	73,996	\$ 645,085	\$	43,275	\$ 2,010,409												
LIABILITIES																						
Accounts payable	\$	41,629								\$ 41,629												
Due to other governmental agencies		183,789	\$	647,984	\$	48,554		\$	1,367	881,694												
Due to other funds						8,194				8,194												
TOTAL LIABILITIES		225,418		647,984		56,748			1,367	931,517												
FUND BALANCE																						
Restricted for transportation/transit		111,909		248,903		17,248	\$ 645,085			1,023,145												
Restricted for predestrian/bicycle				13,839						13,839												
Restricted for SGR Projects								\$	41,908	41,908												
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		111,909		262,742		17,248	645,085		41,908	1,078,892												
TOTAL LIABILITIES																						
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	337,327	\$	910,726	\$	73,996	\$ 645,085	\$	43,275	\$ 2,010,409												

#### STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Ger	neral Fund	Major Special Revenue Funds																	
	F	lanning	Local State Transit Other				State of		Total											
		and	Tra	nsportation									Assistance					od Repair	Governmental	
	Adn	ninistration		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds								
REVENUES:	<b>^</b>	100 - 10									٠									
State Rural Planning Assistance	\$	400,562					¢	21.005			\$	400,562								
State funds, other			¢	005.026	¢	260 406	\$	31,005				31,005								
Sales Tax			\$	985,036	\$	260,486			¢	40 500		1,245,522								
State of Good Repair								172 051	\$	42,583		42,583								
Surface Transportation Block Grant Interest income				( 101		227		173,051		101		173,051								
		400 562		6,181		237		3,518		191		10,127								
TOTAL REVENUES		400,562		991,217		260,723		207,574		42,774		1,902,850								
EXPENDITURES:																				
Transportation planning																				
and related expenditures		538,114										538,114								
Allocation - Lassen Transit Agency		550,114		512,782		258,791		31,005		44,573		847,151								
Allocation - Other claimants				6,156		250,771		51,005				6,156								
Administration		47,751		0,150								47,751								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		585,865		518,938		258,791		31,005		44,573		1,439,172								
		000,000		010,000		200,771		01,000		,0 / 0		1,107,172								
EXCESS OF REVENUES																				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(185,303)		472,279		1,932		176,569		(1,799)		463,678								
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		( ) )		. ,		)		)		())										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)																			
Transfers in	·	393,100										393,100								
Transfers out				(393,100)								(393,100)								
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING												<u> </u>								
SOURCES (USES)		393,100		(393,100)																
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		207,797		79,179		1,932		176,569		(1,799)		463,678								
Fund balance, beginning of year		(95,888)		183,563		15,316		468,516		43,707		615,214								
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	111,909	\$	262,742	\$	17,248	\$	645,085	\$	41,908	\$	1,078,892								

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 463,678
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Some receivable are deferred in the governmental funds in the prior year because the amounts do not represent current financial resources that are recognized under the accrual basis in the statement of activites	
Unavailable revenue recognized	 (31,005)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 432,673

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### June 30, 2022

# NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Lassen County Transportation Commission (Commission) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Commission's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Description of Reporting Entity</u>: Lassen County Transportation Commission (the Commission) was created pursuant to California Government Code Section 29535 of Article II, Chapter 2 of Division 3 of Title 3, as a local planning commission to provide regional transportation planning activities for the area of Lassen County. The Commission is also responsible for the administration of the Transportation Development Act Funds (Local Transportation and State Transit Assistance Fund). The Commission's responsibilities include establishing rules and regulations to provide for administering transportation planning and allocating the Local Transportation Fund and State Transit Assistance Fund in accordance with the applicable sections of the Government Code, Public Utilities Code and Administrative Code included within the Transportation planning process, updating the Regional Transportation Plan and the Regional Transportation Improvement Program, and for State Exchange Funds that were created under the Federal Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act.

Although the Commissioners also serve as the Board of Directors of Lassen Transit Services Agency (LTSA), it is not considered to be a component unit of the Commission because a financial benefit or burden relationship does not exist between the two organizations.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met. Cost reimbursement grant revenues are recognized when program expenses are incurred in accordance with program guidelines. When nonexchange revenues are received before eligibility requirements are met, they are reported as unearned revenues until earned. Sales tax revenue is recorded as revenue when collected and apportioned to the Commission.

<u>Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements:</u> The accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Each fund is established for the purpose of accounting for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### June 30, 2022

### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Commission considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period for sales tax and 180 days for grant revenue. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual basis accounting, except for compensated absences and termination benefits, which are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund (Planning and Administration) is the general operating fund of the Commission and accounts for revenues collected to provide services and finance the fundamental operations of the Commission. The fund is charged with all costs of operations not reported in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. In its capacity as a Regional Transportation Planning Agency, the Commission is responsible for the administration of several special revenue funds which provide funding for transportation planning, transit operations, pedestrian and bicycle facilities and street and roads maintenance and improvements. These funds include:

<u>Local Transportation Fund</u>: The Local Transportation Fund represents revenues generated from a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cent sales tax imposed by the State of California pursuant to the Transportation Development Act. Agencies file claims with the Commission for the monies and allocations are made for planning, transit, pedestrian, bicycle, streets and roads purposes. The Commission reviews the claims, determines the agency's eligibility to receive funds, and, upon approval, allocates the funds to the agencies.

<u>State Transit Assistance Fund</u>: The State Transit Assistance Fund represents revenues earned based on a portion of the State gasoline tax. Agencies file claims with the Commission for the monies and allocations are made solely for transit-related purposes.

<u>State of Good Repair Fund</u>: Under Senate Bill (SB) 1 (Chapter 5, Statutes of 2017) and the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017, a new Transportation Improvement Fee (Fee) on vehicle registrations is collected, a portion of which is provided to the California State Controller's Office for the program. SGR fees are available for capital assistance to rehabilitate and modernize existing local transportation systems, including the purchase of new vehicles and the maintenance and rehabilitation of transit facilities and vehicles.

Other Grants Fund: The Other Grants Fund includes revenue from the following sources:

<u>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program Fund</u> – The Surface Transportation Block Grant Program Fund represents an apportionment under the Federal Transportation Bill whereby the Commission allocates funds to agencies for projects included in the adopted Federal Statewide Transportation Improvement Program.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2022

### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP)</u> – The LCTOP was established by the California Legislature in 2014 by Senate Bill 862. The LCTOP provides funds to transit agencies to reduce greenhouse gas emission and improve mobility through operating and capital grants.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u>: Due from other governments consists mainly of amounts due from state and federal agencies under grant agreements and other revenue sources. Management believes these amounts to be fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets for governmental fund types of the Commission are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Capital acquisitions are reflected as expenditures in the governmental fund, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Provision is made for depreciation by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of these individual assets, which range from three to ten years for equipment and thirty years for structures. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned balances.

<u>Nonspendable Funds</u> – Fund balance should be reported as nonspendable when the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable balances are not expected to be converted to cash within the next operating cycle. The Commission has no nonspendable funds.

<u>Restricted Funds</u> – Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Amounts are restricted in the Special Revenue Funds for purposes listed on the face of the Balance Sheet.

<u>Committed Funds</u> – Fund balance should be reported as committed when the amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which is by resolution of the Commission. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing body modifies or removes the fund commitment.

<u>Assigned Funds</u> – Fund balance should be reported as assigned when the amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Funds</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification of the Commission's funds and includes all spendable amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2022

# NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Net Position</u>: The government-wide financial statements present net position. Net position is categorized as invested in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation reduces the balance in this category.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This category represents net position of the Commission not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Commission considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Commission has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

<u>Budgetary Information</u>: The Commissioners approve all budgeted revenues and expenditures for the General Fund. Budgeted revenues and expenditures represent the original budget, as approved by the Commissioners, and the final budget, which includes modifications of the original budget through amendments approved by either the Executive Director or the Commissioners during the year. Amendments that alter total expenditures within the General Fund require approval of the Board of Directors. The Commissioners do not budget for the special revenue funds.

# NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Investment in the County of Lassen Investment Pool</u>: The Commission's cash is held in the County of Lassen Treasury. The County maintains an investment pool and allocates interest to the various funds based upon the average daily cash balances. Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand to the Commission and are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

<u>Investment Policy</u>: California statutes authorize governmental agencies to invest surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The Commission follows the investment policy of the County of Lassen.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2022

# NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2022, the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in the County of Lassen investment pool was approximately 783 days.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County of Lassen investment pool does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect deposits or investment in securities through the use of government investment pools (such as the County of Lassen investment pool).

# NOTE C –STATE GRANTS

Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP): The LCTOP was established by the California Legislature in 2014 by Senate Bill 862. The LCTOP provides funds to transit agencies to reduce greenhouse gas emission and improve mobility through operating and capital grants. Projects approved for LCTOP will support bus or rail services, expand intermodal transit facilities, and may include equipment acquisition, fueling, maintenance and other costs to operate those services or facilities, with each project reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, funds received and expended were verified in the course of the audit as follows:

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 31,005
Expenditures incurred:	
Transferred to LTSA	 (31,005)
Total expenses	(31,005)
Unexpended proceeds at June 30, 2022	\$ _

# NOTE D – CONTINGENCIES

The Commission receives grant funding for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the granting agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the contracts. Management is of the opinion that no material liabilities will result from such potential audits.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

#### NOTE E – RISK FINANCING

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

# NOTE F – INTERFUND TRANSFERS/DUE TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS

Interfund transfers are used to move revenues from a fund that is required by statute to receive them to a fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Local Transportation Fund transferred \$393,100 to the Planning and Administration Fund as part of the annual allocation of local transportation funds and for repayment of the Commissions reimbursement payable to the County.

The "due to other funds" and "due from other funds" at June 30, 2022 consisted of cash subsidies of the STA Fund by the General Fund to eliminate the cash deficit of \$8,194.

# NOTE G – REIMBURSEMENT PAYABLE TO COUNTY

From 1972 to 2016, the Commission had relied upon the County employees to perform the operations of the Commission. The Commission, as controlled by the Board of Supervisors, provided appropriation and staffing to help the Commission perform its duties expressly mandated pursuant to the Transportation Act of 1971. Over those 44 years, approximately 14 County employees received salaries and benefits from the Commission for work performed in their various roles, responsibilities and functions. The County quantified the amount of unfunded pension and OPEB liabilities and invoiced the Commission for these liabilities for a total of \$442,057. Since a portion of these liabilities related to transit services, the County provided a breakdown of the liabilities between the Commission and LTSA employees. The unfunded pension and OPEB liabilities for Commission employees include active and retired employees based upon 1) an employee's years of service for the Commission, 2) annual full time equivalent (FTE) of work for the Commission. The unfunded pension and OPEB liabilities attributed to the Commission was \$281,783 and the unfunded pension and OPEB liabilities attributed to LTSA was \$160,274. The Commission approved repaying the County \$100,000 per year beginning in fiscal year 2020/21 using cash balances transferred from a Commission/LTSA commingled fund to the Local Transportation Fund that will be subject to the TDA allocation process. The remaining balance owed by the Commission to the County as of June 30, 2022 was \$81,783.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(This page intentionally left blank.)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
REVENUES:					 		<u> </u>	
State Rural Planning Assistance	\$	377,986	\$	469,132	\$ 400,562	\$	(68,570)	
TOTAL REVENUES		377,986		469,132	 400,562		(68,570)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Transportation planning and related								
expenditures		495,486		632,632	538,114		94,518	
Administration		23,600		29,600	47,751		(18,151)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		519,086		662,232	 585,865		76,367	
(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(141,100)		(193,100)	(185,303)		7,797	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		251,100		293,100	 393,100		100,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		151,100		293,100	 393,100		100,000	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		10,000		100,000	207,797		107,797	
Fund balance, beginning of year		(95,888)		(95,888)	 (95,888)			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	(85,888)	\$	4,112	\$ 111,909	\$	107,797	

# SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES – LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

California Code of Regulations Article 5, Subchapter 2, Section 6661 related to the Transportation Development Act requires supplementary information for the County of Lassen Local Transportation Fund regarding expenditures made by the Fund. The net amount allocated and expended for each of the allocation purposes specified in Public Utilities Code (PUC) Chapter 4 of the Act were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Section	Purpose	Allocated		Allocated Disbursed		U	nclaimed
99233.1	Administration						
	Lassen County Transportation Commission	\$	393,100	\$	393,100		
99262	Public transportation						
	Lassen Transit Service Agency		512,782		384,587	\$	128,195
99233.3	Pedestrian and Bicycle Facilities						
	County of Lassen		6,156				6,156
		\$	912,038	\$	777,687		134,351
	Unclaimed/Undisbursed-Prior Year Apportionn	nents	•				
	City of Susanville - Streets and Roads						185,586
	County of Lassen - Streets and Roads						305,382
	County of Lassen - Pedestrian and Bicycle						28,821
							519,789
	Total allocations payable					\$	654,140

# SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES – STATE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

California Code of Regulations, Subchapter 2.5, Article 5, Section 6751 related to the Transportation Development Act requires supplementary information for the STA Fund regarding fund balances maintained and expenditures made by the Fund. No portion of the fund balance was apportioned to operators pursuant to Section 6721 of the Code as of June 30, 2018. The amounts allocated and expended for each of the allocation purposes specified in Section 6730 and 6731 of the Code were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Section	Purpose	Allocated	Disbursed	Undisbursed
6730(a)	Rural Bus Operation Lassen Transit Service Agency	\$ 258,791	\$ 210,237	\$ 48,554
		\$ 258,791	\$ 210,237	\$ 48,554

PUC

# SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES – STATE OF GOOD REPAIR FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

California Code of Regulations, Chapter 5, Statutes of 2017 known as the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 requires supplementary information for the SGR Fund regarding fund balances maintained and expenditures made by the Fund. The amounts allocated and expended for each of the allocation purposes specified in Section 99312.1(a) of the Code were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Section	Purpose	Allocated				Undisbursed		
99313	Contributions to vehicle replacement fund Lassen Transit Service Agency	\$	44,573	\$	43,206	\$	1,367	
		\$	44,573	\$	43,206	\$	1,367	

DUC

# **COMPLIANCE REPORTS**

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* AND THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND OTHER STATE PROGRAM GUIDELINES

Lassen County Transportation Commission Susanville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lassen County Transportation Commission (the Commission) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2023.

# **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters (including other State program guidelines)**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. Our audit was further made to determine that Transportation Development Act Funds allocated and received by the Commission were expended in conformance with the applicable statutes, rules and regulations of the Transportation Development Act and Section 6659, 6661 and 6662 of the California Code of Regulations and other state program guidelines. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of performing these tasks disclosed instances of noncompliance with the applicable statutes, rules and regulations of the Transportation Development Act that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2021-001 and 2021-002.

# Lassen County Transportation Commission's Response to Findings

The Commission's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Commission's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

April 16, 2023

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

# CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

### Finding 2022-001 - Material Weakness

<u>Condition</u>: The Commission's internal records of allocations are not being reconciled to the amounts recorded in the general ledger maintained by the County of Lassen for allocations payable to claimants and reserves for pedestrian/bicycle. In addition, accrual entries to reflect allocations to claimants for the year are not being made.

<u>Criteria:</u> Management of the Commission is responsible for ensuring internal controls and processes are in place to ensure that amounts reflected in the general ledger that are used for the preparation of the financial statements are complete and accurate.

<u>Cause:</u> The Commission accounting is performed by the County of Lassen Auditor Controller Office (the County) and activity is not regularly reviewed by the Commission. The Commission maintains internal record keeping that is not compared to the County records on a periodic basis.

Effect: Material misstatement of allocations payable to the claimants may exist and caused the audit to be delayed.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The Commission should review the general ledger maintained by the County on a monthly basis to ensure that all transactions have been approved and accounted for correctly based on the internal records of allocations maintained by Commission management. The Commission should develop procedures to track amounts that are due to claimants that are reconciled to County records on accrual basis. Reconciliations should be made to ensure all activity has been properly recorded and included in the general ledger and trial balance prior to these items to be provided to the auditor. Management needs to work with the County to ensure that any adjustments to the numbers in the County's accounting system are correct and properly reflect the financial activity of the Commission and its funds prior to the start of the audit.

# PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

# Finding 2021-001 – Significant Deficiency

<u>Criteria</u>: Section 6644 and 6659 of the Transportation Development Act requires the Commission to advise all prospective claimants of the amounts of all area apportionments prior to March 1 of the preceding fiscal year and to convey allocation instructions to the County auditor by written memorandum of its executive director accompanied by a certified copy of the resolution authorizing the action.

Current Status: This finding has been resolved in the fiscal year 2021/22 audit.

# Finding 2021-002 – Significant Deficiency

<u>Criteria</u>: Section 99402 and 99407 of the Transportation Development Act requires the claims to be filed for Article 8 disbursements related to local streets and roads, and projects which are provided for use by pedestrians and bicycles.

Current Status: No allocations of street and road funds were made during fiscal year 2021/22.

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